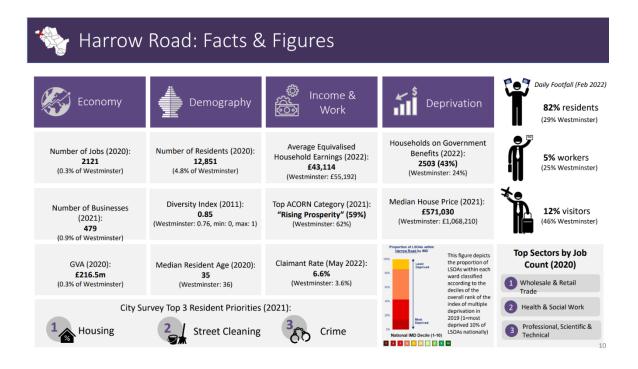
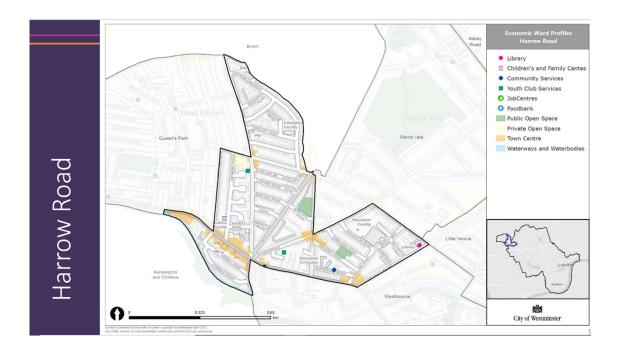
Appendix 2 - North Paddington ward profile

I. Ward 1 - Harrow Road

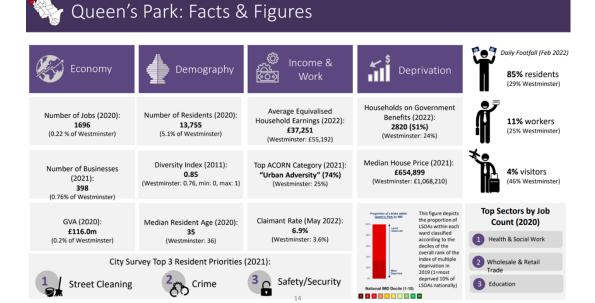
Harrow Road is largely a residential area, with average household earnings approximately £10,000 lower than the Westminster average, while claimant rates are considerably higher, with the highest levels of deprivation concentrated in the centre and south-west of the ward. Residents in Harrow Road also have one of the lowest life expectancies in the borough. Health inequalities are not attributable to a single issue, but rather, derive from a complex mix of environmental and social factors locally. Further, frontline staff report a high incidence of substance use on local housing estates, which may contribute to poor health. Improving understanding of local health inequalities is crucial for designing more effective interventions.

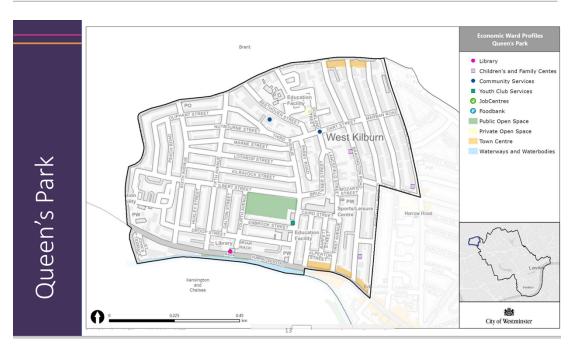




II. Ward 2 - Queen's Park

Queen's Park ward is predominantly a residential area, and is located in the northwest of the borough. It includes Queen's Park Estate, built in a Gothic-revival style in the late nineteenth century. The average household income is c.£18k below the Westminster average, and the second-lowest average household earnings in the borough; thus, the rising cost of living is likely to have a disproportionately large impact here. 33% of residents claimed housing benefits in February 2021, a rate much higher than the England average of 11%, (Local Insights, 2022). In the 2021 City Survey, residents were particularly concerned with issues of crime, security, and safety, with youth crime a particular issue reflected in community listening sessions. The overall crime rate is higher than the average across England (Local Insights, 2020).





III. Ward 3 - Westbourne

Westbourne is a small but relatively densely populated ward (population density is 73% above the borough average) whose topography is dominated by a number of social housing estates, including Warwick Estate, Brunel Estate and Wessex Gardens. Low average incomes in this ward are associated with poor outcomes across a range of socio-economic outcomes. Average household income of residents is 33% below the Westminster average, a particularly concerning feature as households in this ward tend to have relatively high numbers of children (23% of the resident population in 2020 was estimated to be aged 0-15, a rate that is 6 percentage points higher than the borough average). Indeed, the fraction of children

who receive free school meals (45%) is 6 percentage points above the Westminster average. The index of multiple deprivation, which captures joint deprivation across such outcomes as employment, health, crime, and housing, reveals that nearly 60% of LSOAs in Westbourne experience outcomes poor enough to rank among the 20% most deprived LSOAs in the UK. Despite accounting for nearly 3% of Westminster's physical area, and 5% of residents, Westbourne hosts only 0.5% of jobs and 0.8% of employment.

